

YLIOPISTOTENTTILOMAKEPOHJA / UNIVERSITY EXAM TEMPLATE

Koskee tiedekuntia LuTK, OyKKK, KaTK, TTK, TST ja BMTK (Linnanmaan tentit) / Concerns Faculties SCI, OBS, OMS, TECH, ITEE and BMM (Linnanmaa campus)

Tentin päivämäärä / Date of exam:	Tentin kesto	o tunteina / Exam in hours:
29.10.2015	4 hrs	
Tiedekunta / Faculty: Oulu Business School		
Opintojakson koodi, nimi ja tentin numero / The code and the name of the course and number of the exam: 721962S International Finance 1/3		
Tentaattori(t) / Examiner(s):		Sisäinen postios. / Internal address
Hannu Kahra		OBS
Sallitut apuvälineet / The devices allowed in the exam:		
□ Nelilaskin / □	Funktiolaskin ,	/ 🖂 Ohjelmoitava laskin /
Standard calculator Sci	entific calculat	ator Programmable calculator
☐ Muu materiaali, tarkennettu alla / Other material, specified below:		
Tenttiin vastaaminen / Please answer the questions:		
⊠ Suomeksi / in Finnish	☑ Englanniksi / in English	
Kysymyspaperi on palautettava / Paper with exam questions must be returned:		
⊠ Kyllä / Yes □] Ei / No	

- 1. PPP (10 points)
- 2. Choose the correct answer(s): Absolute Purchasing Power Parity may not hold when (5 points):
 - a. the prices of individual goods in the consumption bundle consistently deviate from CPP across two countries
 - b. it can be computed even if the consumption bundles of different countries are not the same (i.e. if the APPP rate cannot even be defined, theoretically)
 - c. the prices for individual goods are sticky
 - d. there are tariffs, quotas, and voluntary export constraints
 - e. competition is perfect
- 3. Choose the correct answer(s): Relative Purchasing Power Parity is relevant because (5 points):
 - a. empirical tests have shown that Absolute PPP is always violated, while Relative PPP is a good predictor of short-term exchange rate exposure
 - b. consumption bundles are not always comparable across countries
 - c. price levels are not stationary over time
 - d. investors care about the real return on their international portfolio investments
 - e. investors care about the nominal return on their portfolio investments

- 4. What is wrong with the following statements? (8 points)
 - a. The forward in the expected future spot rate.
 - b. The sign of the forward premium tells you nothing about the strength of a currency; it just reflects the difference of the interest rates.
 - c. The difference of the interest rates tells you nothing about the strength of a currency; it just reflects the forward premium or discount.
 - d. The forward rate is a risk-adjusted expectation but the spot rate is independent of expectations.
 - e. A certainty equivalent tends to be above the risk-adjusted expectation because of the risk correction.
 - f. A risk-adjusted expectation is always below the true expectation because we don't like risk.
 - g. A risk-adjusted expectation can be close to, or above the true expectation. In that case the whole world would hold very little of that currency, or would even short it.
 - h. Adding a zero-value contract cannot change the value of the firm; therefore a forward hedge cannot make the shareholders better off.
- 5. Which of the following statements are correct (4 points)?
 - a. A forward purchase contract can be replicated by: borrowing foreign currency, converting it to domestic currency, and investing the domestic currency.
 - b. A forward purchase contract can be replicated by: borrowing domestic currency, converting it to foreign currency, and investing the foreign currency.
 - c. A forward sale contract can be replicated by: borrowing foreign currency, converting it to domestic currency, and investing the domestic currency.
 - d. A forward sale contract can be replicated by: borrowing domestic currency, converting it to foreign currency, and investing the foreign currency.
- 6. Carry trade. What is the empirical evidence of carry trade? (10 points)



